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St. Paul's Reformed Episcopal Church called him to Chicago in 1875 to act as rector. And that position he held until his death, although he was made a bishop shortly, and later was made head of the Church in America.

That men wanted the social life of a saloon more than the liquor they drank was a theory of Bishop Fallows, and with his customary enthusiasm he established in the middle '90's a "home saloon," on Washington street east of Wells; to attempt to prove that soft drinks could be sold to the very men who patronized real liquor places. In the "Bishop's saloon" as it came to be known, white-aproned bartenders sold "Bishop beer". The place was famous around the world. He vindicated his theory to a great extent, but finally sold out the "home saloon".

For twenty-one years Bishop Fallows was president of the board of managers of the Illinois State Reformatory at Pontiac; in 1908 he was chaplain of the Grand Army of the Republic, and in 1913 he was elected state commander of the Grand Army of the Republic.

He was trustee of the United Societies of Christian Endeavor, Editor-in-chief of the Human Interest Library, chairman of the Grant Memorial committee, president of the Chicago School for Home Nursing, and president of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee.

E. SOUTHWORTH—1826-1923. By Charles Bliss.

Hon. Elizur Southworth, for many years a prominent citizen of Montgomery County, Ill., died at his home in Litchfield Tuesday night, January 9th, aged 96 years, 3 months and 17 days.

The deceased was probably next to the oldest man in the county, the oldest being George Bartlett, of Fillmore, who is

98 years of age.

Mr. Southworth was born near Bradford, Orange county, Vermont, Sept. 22, 1826, and was a son of Joseph and Susan (Jenkins) Southworth. He had the advantage of good schools in his youth, as Vermont was one of the pioneer states to adopt a good system of free schools, and after going

through the grade and high schools at Bradford, he attended an academy at that place and at Thedford Hill, Vermont.

In 1846, 77 years ago, Mr. Southworth, then only 20 years of age, came to Montgomery county and secured a private school at Fillmore, which he taught one winter. He came West at the solicitation of Rev. Alfred Bliss, the father of the writer of this sketch, who secured the school for him. He afterward taugth school in Bond county, and in the winter of 1849-50 he taught the school at Vandalia.

At that time wonderful stories of the gold discoveries in California were being told, and Mr. Southworth, with seven other adventurers, crossed the plains in a wagon drawn by an ox team, going to Sacramento, California. It took them 111 days to make the trip, Mr. Southworth walking and driving the oxen most of the way. He engaged in placer mining there for fifteen months, and accumulated what seemed to him to be a small fortune. Deciding to return home, he sailed for Nicarauga, and crossed the isthmus, where he took a boat for New York. He made a visit to his old Vermont home, where he was married November 1, 1852, to Miss Laura N. Crandall. In the spring of 1854 he returned to this county, bringing with him his wife. He bought a farm of 160 acres a mile northeast of Fillmore, and he and Mrs. Southworth lived on it until 1860.

Mrs. Southworth died January 11, 1892, and on February 3, 1893, Mr. Southworth married Mrs. Mary A. Topping Milnor, widow of George Milnor of Alton, Ill.

He had bought the farm mostly on credit, and he was not long in discovering that he was not cut out for a farmer, so he let it go back to the man he bought it of and moved to Vandalia. While teaching school, he had studied law, and he opened a law office in Vandalia. He afterwards moved back to this county and settled in Litchfield, where he continued to practice law. One son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Southworth, but he died in infancy, and in 1892 Mrs. Southworth died.

When the Civil War broke out Mr. Southworth answered the first call of President Lincoln and on April 25, 1861, he enlisted in Co. D, 7th Illinois Volunteer Infantry. His company went to Alton and later to Cairo. He served as mayor of Litchfield in 1881. He was elected to the Illinois State Senate in 1876 on the Democratic ticket. In 1884 he was re-elected to the state senate by the flattering majority of 3,000.

"When he first came to Illinois, Mr. Southworth taught school in Montgomery, Bond and Fayette counties, his last school being held in the old state house at Vandalia. He came to Litchfield from Fillmore in 1859. In 1860 he was admitted to the bar at the same time as Jesse J. Phillips of Hillsboro, who, in his time, was a noted jurist nationally known and another outstanding figure of Montgomery county and this section of the state.

"Judge Phillips and Mr. Southworth were examined by a committee of which Judge Joseph Gillespie, a noted character in Illinois history, was a member. Following their examination, the new entrants to the bar were introduced to Abraham Lincoln.

"Something over a year following his admission to the bar, the clash came between the North and the South and Mr. Southworth answered the call of Abraham Lincoln for volunteers for 90 days service. A company was organized in Litchfield of which D.M. Munn was captain, Mr. Southworth first lieutenant, and Mark P. Miller, second lieutenant. At the end of his enlistment, Mr. Southworth returned to Litchfield and again took up the practice of law. He was for many years identified with some of the leading law firms of the county. He knew and was well acquainted with the great men of Illinois of the Civil War period, viz: Lincoln, Grant, Logan, Yates, Oglesby, Palmer, Gillespie, Lyman Trumbull and many others.

"In March, 1887, Mr. Southworth was returning to Litchfield from Springfield via the Chicago and Alton railroad to Virden and thence to Litchfield by what was then known as the Jacksonville and Southeastern (now a part of the C. B. & Q.). He had made the change of cars when the train upon which he was a passenger, was struck by another train. Mr. Southworth was seriously injured and was under the constant care of physicians for a period of three years. On account of this shock to his nervous system he was advised by his physicians to give up his law practice, which he did."

Mr. Southworth was a great reader and student. He had a splendid memory which never failed him up to the last. He was a thorough gentleman, and a good citizen one of that

type that can never be replaced.

Mr. Southworth is survived by his widow and several grand nieces and nephews. Brook Upham a grand nephew is the Naval attache of the American Legation at Paris and John Upham, a grand nephew is a Colonel in the United States army.

The funeral services were conducted at the Presbyterian church, Rev. Walter V. McAdoo officiating. Burial was in

Elmwood cemetery.

MARTIN EMERICH, FORMER CONGRESSMAN, DIES IN NEW YORK.

Funeral services for Martin Emerich, former Congressman from the first Congressional district of Illinois and a well known politician and Chicago business man, who died in New York, Monday, Sept. 25, 1922, were held at the Chapel, 934 East 47th St., Sunday, Oct. 1st. Death was due to a

stroke of apoplexy.

Mr. Emerich was 76 years old. He served the First district in Congress for one term, being elected in 1902, defeating Martin B. Madden. He had been for years active in Democratic politics, and in 1892 was a member of the County board. He was a Chicagoan for thirty-five years. Mr. Emerich is survived by four children, Frank, a lawyer and publicist, and Melvin L., a member of the banking firm of Ames, Emerich & Co., of Chicago; Leonard, of Elgin, and Mrs. A. J. Marcuse of New York.

JAMES R. MANN, IN UNITED STATES CONGRESS FOR QUARTER OF A CENTURY, DIES IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

Representative James R. Mann of Chicago died in his apartment "The Highlands" at Washington, D. C., on Thursday, Nov. 30, 1922, after an illness of less than a week.

James Robert Mann was born on a farm near Bloomington, Illinois, Oct. 20, 1856, son of William Henry and Eliza-